

2-Amino-3-carboxypyridinium perchlorate

Fadila Berrah,^{a*} Sofiane Bouacida,^b Hayet Anana^a and Thierry Roisnel^c

^aLaboratoire de Chimie Appliquée et Technologie des Matériaux (LCATM), Université d'Oum El Bouaghi 04000, Algeria, ^bUnité de Recherche de Chimie de l'Environnement et Moléculaire Structurale (CHEMS), Faculté des Sciences Exactes, Université Mentouri Constantine 25000, Algeria, and ^cCentre de Difractométrie X, UMR 6226 CNRS Unité Sciences Chimiques de Rennes, Université de Rennes I, 263 Avenue du Général Leclerc, 35042 Rennes, France

Correspondence e-mail: fadilaber@yahoo.fr

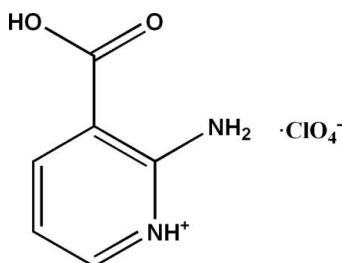
Received 11 April 2012; accepted 26 April 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 150$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.049; wR factor = 0.110; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.2.

The asymmetric unit includes two crystallographically independent equivalents of the title salt, $\text{C}_6\text{H}_7\text{N}_2\text{O}_2^+\cdot\text{ClO}_4^-$. The cations and anions form separate layers alternating along the c axis, which are linked by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$, $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ and $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds into a two-dimensional network parallel to (100). Further $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ contacts connect these layers, forming a three-dimensional network, in which $R_4^4(20)$ rings and $C_2^2(11)$ infinite chains can be identified.

Related literature

For structural studies of hybrid compounds of 2-aminonicotinic acid, see: Akriche & Rzaigui (2007); Berrah *et al.* (2011*a,b*). For related perchlorate compounds, see: Toumi Akriche *et al.* (2010); Bendjeddou *et al.* (2003). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Etter *et al.* (1990); Grell *et al.* (1999).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_7\text{N}_2\text{O}_2^+\cdot\text{ClO}_4^-$
 $M_r = 238.59$
 Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 17.3573$ (12) Å

$b = 5.0800$ (4) Å
 $c = 21.6293$ (17) Å
 $\beta = 107.239$ (2)°
 $V = 1821.5$ (2) Å³

$Z = 8$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.43$ mm⁻¹

$T = 150$ K
 $0.48 \times 0.17 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2002)
 $T_{\min} = 0.847$, $T_{\max} = 0.966$

13822 measured reflections
 4142 independent reflections
 3305 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.044$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.110$
 $S = 1.11$
 4142 reflections

273 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.40$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{O1A}-\text{H1A}\cdots\text{O21}$	0.82	1.99	2.810 (3)	173
$\text{O1B}-\text{H1B}\cdots\text{O42}$	0.82	1.96	2.779 (3)	176
$\text{N2A}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O32}$	0.86	2.24	2.968 (3)	142
$\text{N2B}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{O31}$	0.86	2.31	3.005 (3)	138
$\text{N2B}-\text{H2B}\cdots\text{O22}^{\text{i}}$	0.86	2.34	2.992 (3)	133
$\text{N1A}-\text{H11A}\cdots\text{O22}^{\text{ii}}$	0.86	2.50	3.211 (3)	141
$\text{N1A}-\text{H11A}\cdots\text{O32}$	0.86	2.58	3.231 (3)	133
$\text{N1B}-\text{H11B}\cdots\text{O31}$	0.86	2.32	3.000 (3)	136
$\text{N1B}-\text{H11B}\cdots\text{O41}^{\text{iii}}$	0.86	2.54	3.268 (3)	143
$\text{N1A}-\text{H12A}\cdots\text{O2B}^{\text{ii}}$	0.86	2.19	2.928 (3)	144
$\text{N1B}-\text{H12B}\cdots\text{O2A}^{\text{iii}}$	0.86	2.22	2.971 (3)	145
$\text{C4A}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{O11}^{\text{iv}}$	0.93	2.57	3.312 (3)	137
$\text{C4B}-\text{H4B}\cdots\text{O32}^{\text{v}}$	0.93	2.53	3.433 (3)	165
$\text{C5A}-\text{H5A}\cdots\text{O11}^{\text{vi}}$	0.93	2.37	3.277 (3)	164
$\text{C5B}-\text{H5B}\cdots\text{O12}^{\text{vii}}$	0.93	2.52	3.450 (3)	177

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, -y, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, y + 1, z$; (iii) $x, y - 1, z$; (iv) $x, -y, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (v) $x, -y + 1, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (vi) $-x + 1, y - 1, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (vii) $-x, -y + 1, -z$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR2002 (Burla *et al.*, 2005); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and Mercury (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

We are grateful to the LCATM laboratory, Université d'Oum El Bouaghi, Algeria, for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LD2056).

References

- Akriche, S. & Rzaigui, M. (2007). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, o3460.
 Bendjeddou, L., Cherouana, A., Berrah, F. & Benali-Cherif, N. (2003). *Acta Cryst.* **E59**, o574–o576.
 Berrah, F., Bouacida, S. & Roisnel, T. (2011*b*). *Acta Cryst.* **E67**, o2057–o2058.
 Berrah, F., Ouakkaf, A., Bouacida, S. & Roisnel, T. (2011*a*). *Acta Cryst.* **E67**, o953–o954.
 Bruker (2006). APEX2 and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Burla, M. C., Caliendo, R., Camalli, M., Carrozzini, B., Cascarano, G. L., De Caro, L., Giacovazzo, C., Polidori, G. & Spagna, R. (2005). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **38**, 381–388.
 Etter, M. C., MacDonald, J. C. & Bernstein, J. (1990). *Acta Cryst.* **B46**, 256–262.
 Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.

- Farrugia, L. J. (1999). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **32**, 837–838.
- Grell, J., Bernstein, J. & Tinhofer, G. (1999). *Acta Cryst.* **B55**, 1030–1043.
- Macrae, C. F., Edgington, P. R., McCabe, P., Pidcock, E., Shields, G. P., Taylor, R., Towler, M. & van de Streek, J. (2006). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **39**, 453–457.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2002). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
- Toumi Akriche, S., Rzaigui, M., Al-Hokbany, N. & Mahfouz, R. M. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* **E66**, o300.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o1601–o1602 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812018922]

2-Amino-3-carboxypyridinium perchlorate

Fadila Berrah, Sofiane Bouacida, Hayet Anana and Thierry Roisnel

Comment

As a continuation of the systematic studies on synthesis and structural characterization of the products of derivatives of nicotinic acid with inorganic acids, and as an attempt to establish a relationship between the nature of the anion and the resulting hydrogen-bonding pattern, we report here the crystal structure of the title compound obtained by reaction between 2-aminonicotinic and perchloric acids. Related compounds obtained with dihydrogen phosphate, sulfate and nitrate anions, have been reported previously (Akriche & Rzaigui 2007; Berrah *et al.* 2011a,b).

The dimers of 2-aminonicotinium cations are formed *via* N—H \cdots O h-bonds (NH of the amine group with the O of the carboxylic group). Similar dimers have been also observed in the structures with dihydrogen phosphate and sulfate anions (Akriche & Rzaigui 2007; Berrah *et al.* 2011a), while cations in the nitrate structure adopt a different configuration (Berrah *et al.* 2011b).

In the crystal structure, cationic and anionic layers alternate along the *c* axis and are linked by intermolecular N—H \cdots O, O—H \cdots O and weak C—H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (see table 1) resulting in a two-dimensional network parallel to (100) (Fig.2). Further C—H \cdots O contacts connect these layers, forming a three-dimensional network in which $R_4^4(20)$ rings and $C_2^2(11)$ infinite chains are generated (Etter *et al.* 1990; Grell *et al.* 1999).

Experimental

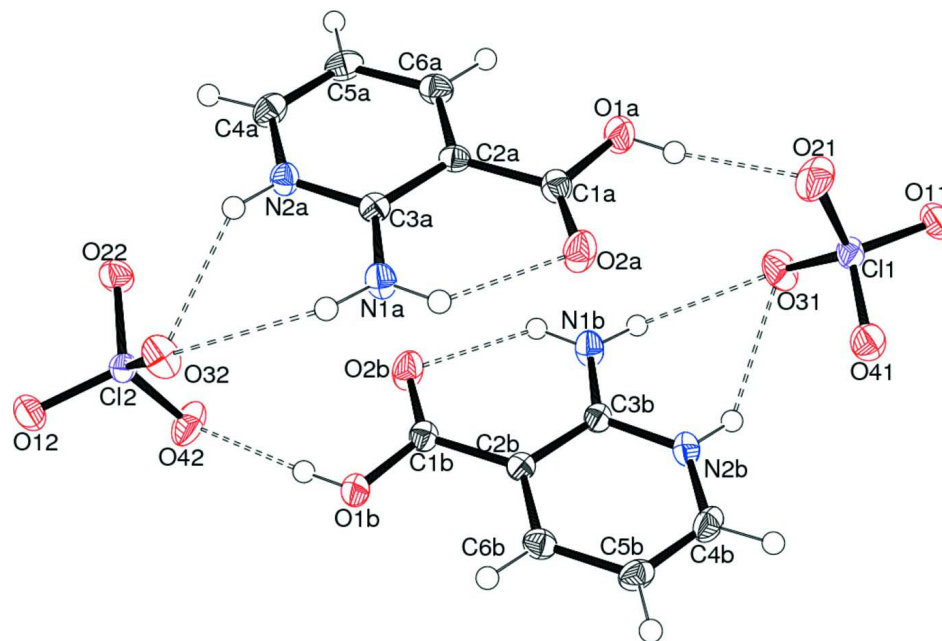
Colourless crystals of compound (I) were grown by slow evaporation of an aqueous solution of 2-amino-pyridine-3-carboxylic acid and perchloric acid in an 1:1 stoichiometric ratio.

Refinement

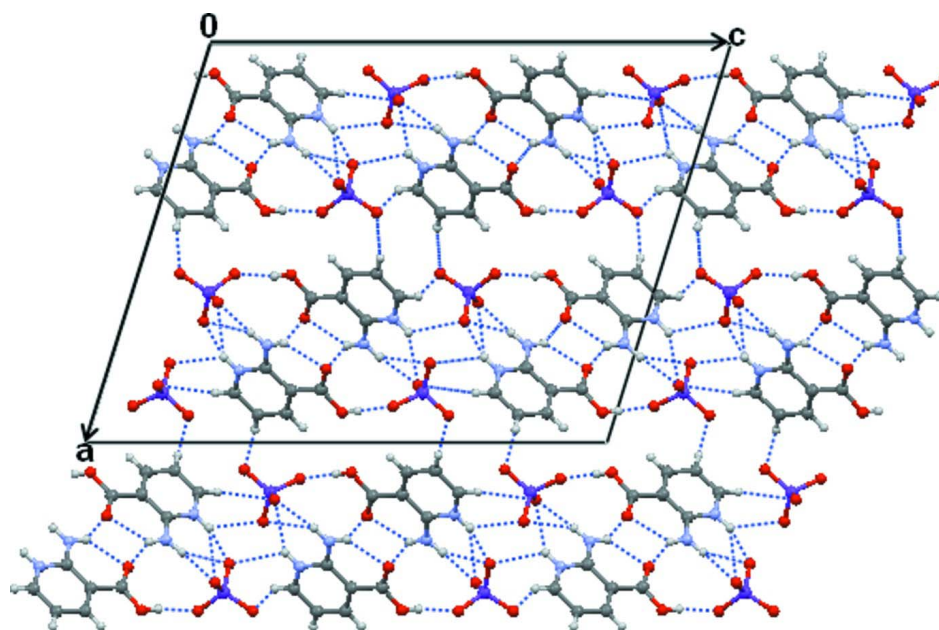
All H atoms were located in a difference Fourier maps but introduced at calculated positions and treated as riding on their parent atoms (C,N or O) with C—H = 0.93 Å, N—H = 0.88 Å and O—H = 0.82 Å with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C or N})$ and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$.

Computing details

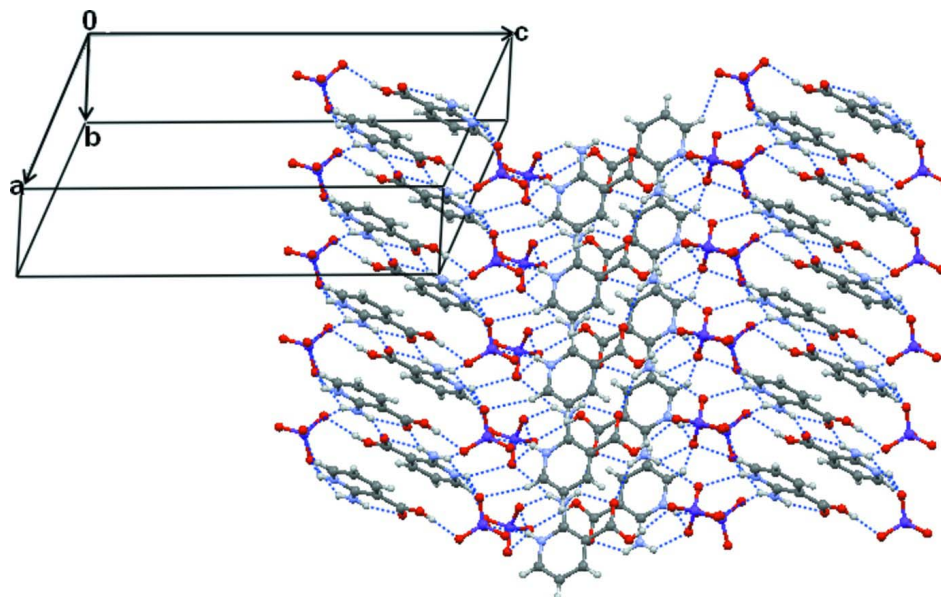
Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2006); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR2002* (Burla *et al.*, 2005); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997) and Mercury (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

**Figure 1**

asymmetric unit of the title compound with the atomic labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

**Figure 2**

A view parallel to (010) showing cationic and anionic layers alternation along the *c* axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.


Figure 3

A view of the two-dimensional network showing how dimers are stacked within cationic layers. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

2-Amino-3-carboxypyridinium perchlorate

Crystal data

$C_6H_7N_2O_2^+ \cdot ClO_4^-$

$M_r = 238.59$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1c$

$a = 17.3573\ (12)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 5.0800\ (4)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 21.6293\ (17)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 107.239\ (2)^\circ$

$V = 1821.5\ (2)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 8$

$F(000) = 976$

$D_x = 1.74\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 3823 reflections

$\theta = 2.5\text{--}27.4^\circ$

$\mu = 0.43\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 150\ \text{K}$

Stick, colourless

$0.48 \times 0.17 \times 0.08\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII

diffractometer

Graphite monochromator

CCD rotation images, thin slices scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2002)

$T_{\min} = 0.847$, $T_{\max} = 0.966$

13822 measured reflections

4142 independent reflections

3305 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.044$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.0^\circ$

$h = -22 \rightarrow 12$

$k = -6 \rightarrow 6$

$l = -27 \rightarrow 28$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$

$wR(F^2) = 0.110$

$S = 1.11$

4142 reflections

273 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0377P)^2 + 1.7007P]$$

where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.40 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl2	0.12456 (3)	-0.07231 (11)	-0.11690 (3)	0.01685 (14)
Cl1	0.37576 (3)	0.54151 (11)	0.35382 (3)	0.01875 (14)
O22	0.19785 (10)	-0.2141 (4)	-0.11310 (8)	0.0251 (4)
O1B	0.07544 (11)	0.1702 (4)	0.02704 (8)	0.0275 (4)
H1B	0.0786	0.0731	-0.0024	0.041*
O42	0.09107 (12)	-0.1755 (4)	-0.06809 (9)	0.0330 (5)
O21	0.42254 (13)	0.6540 (4)	0.31530 (9)	0.0369 (5)
O31	0.35147 (11)	0.2777 (3)	0.33137 (9)	0.0300 (4)
O41	0.30450 (11)	0.6993 (4)	0.34659 (8)	0.0264 (4)
O2B	0.18407 (11)	-0.0563 (4)	0.08267 (8)	0.0282 (4)
O32	0.14319 (11)	0.2034 (3)	-0.10376 (9)	0.0269 (4)
O2A	0.31277 (11)	0.5865 (4)	0.15454 (8)	0.0287 (4)
O11	0.42313 (11)	0.5324 (4)	0.42050 (8)	0.0269 (4)
O1A	0.42090 (11)	0.3499 (4)	0.20638 (8)	0.0323 (5)
H1A	0.4172	0.4352	0.2376	0.049*
O12	0.06824 (11)	-0.1019 (4)	-0.17999 (8)	0.0274 (4)
N2A	0.31083 (12)	0.1811 (4)	-0.01596 (9)	0.0189 (4)
H2A	0.2759	0.2114	-0.0528	0.023*
N2B	0.18027 (12)	0.3604 (4)	0.24939 (9)	0.0198 (4)
H2B	0.2137	0.3306	0.2869	0.024*
C3B	0.18684 (14)	0.2122 (4)	0.19911 (11)	0.0165 (5)
N1B	0.24371 (13)	0.0283 (4)	0.21094 (9)	0.0225 (5)
H11B	0.2751	0.0061	0.2496	0.027*
H12B	0.2492	-0.0685	0.1799	0.027*
C2B	0.13013 (14)	0.2659 (4)	0.13757 (11)	0.0156 (5)
C2A	0.36459 (14)	0.2707 (5)	0.09571 (11)	0.0166 (5)
N1A	0.24775 (12)	0.5022 (4)	0.02580 (9)	0.0204 (4)
H11A	0.2145	0.5237	-0.0122	0.025*
H12A	0.2432	0.5962	0.0576	0.025*
C3A	0.30586 (14)	0.3245 (4)	0.03538 (11)	0.0160 (5)
C5A	0.42317 (15)	-0.0621 (5)	0.04338 (12)	0.0239 (5)
H5A	0.4618	-0.1915	0.0457	0.029*

C6A	0.42192 (15)	0.0799 (5)	0.09851 (12)	0.0213 (5)
H6A	0.4605	0.0447	0.1378	0.026*
C4A	0.36681 (15)	-0.0065 (5)	-0.01335 (12)	0.0223 (5)
H4A	0.3666	-0.0978	-0.0507	0.027*
C6B	0.07394 (14)	0.4623 (5)	0.13287 (11)	0.0200 (5)
H6B	0.0373	0.4991	0.0927	0.024*
C1A	0.36249 (15)	0.4192 (5)	0.15434 (11)	0.0199 (5)
C1B	0.13334 (15)	0.1106 (5)	0.08066 (11)	0.0183 (5)
C4B	0.12476 (15)	0.5518 (5)	0.24461 (12)	0.0229 (5)
H4B	0.1238	0.6456	0.2813	0.027*
C5B	0.07058 (15)	0.6081 (5)	0.18698 (12)	0.0222 (5)
H5B	0.0322	0.7396	0.1833	0.027*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl2	0.0180 (3)	0.0159 (3)	0.0166 (3)	0.0000 (2)	0.0052 (2)	-0.0011 (2)
Cl1	0.0213 (3)	0.0159 (3)	0.0199 (3)	-0.0054 (2)	0.0074 (2)	-0.0038 (2)
O22	0.0216 (9)	0.0260 (10)	0.0251 (9)	0.0067 (7)	0.0028 (7)	-0.0018 (7)
O1B	0.0229 (10)	0.0384 (11)	0.0194 (9)	0.0070 (8)	0.0036 (7)	-0.0085 (8)
O42	0.0463 (12)	0.0321 (11)	0.0289 (10)	-0.0153 (9)	0.0242 (9)	-0.0079 (8)
O21	0.0472 (13)	0.0380 (12)	0.0356 (11)	-0.0184 (10)	0.0275 (10)	-0.0084 (9)
O31	0.0327 (11)	0.0164 (9)	0.0365 (11)	-0.0060 (8)	0.0034 (9)	-0.0079 (8)
O41	0.0268 (10)	0.0233 (9)	0.0271 (9)	0.0037 (8)	0.0050 (8)	-0.0032 (8)
O2B	0.0348 (11)	0.0259 (10)	0.0228 (9)	0.0121 (8)	0.0067 (8)	-0.0040 (8)
O32	0.0322 (11)	0.0143 (9)	0.0295 (10)	0.0002 (7)	0.0019 (8)	-0.0008 (7)
O2A	0.0334 (11)	0.0286 (10)	0.0225 (9)	0.0122 (8)	0.0058 (8)	-0.0031 (8)
O11	0.0237 (10)	0.0305 (10)	0.0227 (9)	-0.0036 (8)	0.0013 (7)	-0.0032 (8)
O1A	0.0249 (10)	0.0511 (13)	0.0176 (9)	0.0117 (9)	0.0010 (8)	-0.0044 (9)
O12	0.0232 (9)	0.0331 (11)	0.0214 (9)	0.0054 (8)	-0.0005 (7)	-0.0064 (8)
N2A	0.0215 (11)	0.0188 (10)	0.0156 (9)	0.0020 (8)	0.0044 (8)	0.0008 (8)
N2B	0.0230 (11)	0.0192 (10)	0.0165 (9)	-0.0029 (8)	0.0047 (8)	-0.0026 (8)
C3B	0.0185 (12)	0.0137 (11)	0.0182 (11)	-0.0045 (9)	0.0071 (9)	-0.0022 (9)
N1B	0.0279 (12)	0.0187 (10)	0.0182 (10)	0.0048 (9)	0.0024 (8)	-0.0005 (8)
C2B	0.0167 (12)	0.0127 (10)	0.0186 (11)	-0.0040 (9)	0.0071 (9)	-0.0013 (9)
C2A	0.0149 (12)	0.0162 (11)	0.0190 (11)	-0.0007 (9)	0.0055 (9)	0.0020 (9)
N1A	0.0227 (11)	0.0177 (10)	0.0178 (9)	0.0073 (8)	0.0012 (8)	-0.0002 (8)
C3A	0.0177 (12)	0.0125 (10)	0.0186 (11)	-0.0025 (9)	0.0067 (9)	0.0012 (9)
C5A	0.0213 (13)	0.0204 (12)	0.0326 (13)	0.0071 (10)	0.0120 (11)	0.0006 (11)
C6A	0.0187 (12)	0.0225 (12)	0.0222 (12)	0.0015 (10)	0.0050 (10)	0.0044 (10)
C4A	0.0267 (13)	0.0174 (12)	0.0260 (12)	0.0003 (10)	0.0127 (10)	-0.0035 (10)
C6B	0.0179 (12)	0.0187 (12)	0.0230 (11)	-0.0025 (10)	0.0053 (9)	-0.0005 (10)
C1A	0.0219 (13)	0.0201 (12)	0.0176 (11)	-0.0015 (10)	0.0056 (10)	0.0014 (9)
C1B	0.0201 (12)	0.0169 (12)	0.0183 (11)	-0.0018 (10)	0.0062 (9)	-0.0009 (9)
C4B	0.0279 (14)	0.0193 (12)	0.0251 (12)	-0.0043 (11)	0.0135 (10)	-0.0075 (10)
C5B	0.0213 (13)	0.0174 (12)	0.0302 (13)	0.0012 (10)	0.0112 (11)	-0.0047 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C12—O12	1.4316 (17)	C3B—C2B	1.428 (3)
C12—O22	1.4427 (18)	N1B—H11B	0.86
C12—O42	1.4463 (18)	N1B—H12B	0.86
C12—O32	1.4466 (18)	C2B—C6B	1.378 (3)
C11—O11	1.4336 (17)	C2B—C1B	1.477 (3)
C11—O21	1.4427 (19)	C2A—C6A	1.378 (3)
C11—O41	1.4430 (18)	C2A—C3A	1.424 (3)
C11—O31	1.4451 (18)	C2A—C1A	1.485 (3)
O1B—C1B	1.325 (3)	N1A—C3A	1.324 (3)
O1B—H1B	0.82	N1A—H11A	0.86
O2B—C1B	1.214 (3)	N1A—H12A	0.86
O2A—C1A	1.212 (3)	C5A—C4A	1.353 (3)
O1A—C1A	1.320 (3)	C5A—C6A	1.399 (3)
O1A—H1A	0.82	C5A—H5A	0.93
N2A—C4A	1.350 (3)	C6A—H6A	0.93
N2A—C3A	1.352 (3)	C4A—H4A	0.93
N2A—H2A	0.86	C6B—C5B	1.401 (3)
N2B—C4B	1.351 (3)	C6B—H6B	0.93
N2B—C3B	1.355 (3)	C4B—C5B	1.351 (3)
N2B—H2B	0.86	C4B—H4B	0.93
C3B—N1B	1.328 (3)	C5B—H5B	0.93
O12—C12—O22	110.08 (10)	C3A—C2A—C1A	119.5 (2)
O12—C12—O42	110.43 (12)	C3A—N1A—H11A	120
O22—C12—O42	108.41 (12)	C3A—N1A—H12A	120
O12—C12—O32	109.81 (11)	H11A—N1A—H12A	120
O22—C12—O32	109.27 (11)	N1A—C3A—N2A	118.0 (2)
O42—C12—O32	108.81 (11)	N1A—C3A—C2A	125.4 (2)
O11—C11—O21	109.92 (11)	N2A—C3A—C2A	116.5 (2)
O11—C11—O41	110.16 (11)	C4A—C5A—C6A	118.4 (2)
O21—C11—O41	109.17 (12)	C4A—C5A—H5A	120.8
O11—C11—O31	109.34 (11)	C6A—C5A—H5A	120.8
O21—C11—O31	109.36 (12)	C2A—C6A—C5A	121.2 (2)
O41—C11—O31	108.87 (11)	C2A—C6A—H6A	119.4
C1B—O1B—H1B	109.5	C5A—C6A—H6A	119.4
C1A—O1A—H1A	109.5	N2A—C4A—C5A	120.2 (2)
C4A—N2A—C3A	124.5 (2)	N2A—C4A—H4A	119.9
C4A—N2A—H2A	117.8	C5A—C4A—H4A	119.9
C3A—N2A—H2A	117.8	C2B—C6B—C5B	121.7 (2)
C4B—N2B—C3B	124.5 (2)	C2B—C6B—H6B	119.2
C4B—N2B—H2B	117.8	C5B—C6B—H6B	119.2
C3B—N2B—H2B	117.8	O2A—C1A—O1A	123.5 (2)
N1B—C3B—N2B	118.1 (2)	O2A—C1A—C2A	123.8 (2)
N1B—C3B—C2B	125.6 (2)	O1A—C1A—C2A	112.7 (2)
N2B—C3B—C2B	116.3 (2)	O2B—C1B—O1B	123.0 (2)
C3B—N1B—H11B	120	O2B—C1B—C2B	123.3 (2)
C3B—N1B—H12B	120	O1B—C1B—C2B	113.6 (2)
H11B—N1B—H12B	120	C5B—C4B—N2B	120.6 (2)

C6B—C2B—C3B	119.0 (2)	C5B—C4B—H4B	119.7
C6B—C2B—C1B	121.7 (2)	N2B—C4B—H4B	119.7
C3B—C2B—C1B	119.3 (2)	C4B—C5B—C6B	118.0 (2)
C6A—C2A—C3A	119.1 (2)	C4B—C5B—H5B	121
C6A—C2A—C1A	121.3 (2)	C6B—C5B—H5B	121
C4B—N2B—C3B—N1B	-179.2 (2)	C3A—N2A—C4A—C5A	-0.1 (4)
C4B—N2B—C3B—C2B	-0.3 (3)	C6A—C5A—C4A—N2A	-0.3 (4)
N1B—C3B—C2B—C6B	179.4 (2)	C3B—C2B—C6B—C5B	-0.7 (4)
N2B—C3B—C2B—C6B	0.7 (3)	C1B—C2B—C6B—C5B	179.5 (2)
N1B—C3B—C2B—C1B	-0.8 (4)	C6A—C2A—C1A—O2A	-179.1 (2)
N2B—C3B—C2B—C1B	-179.6 (2)	C3A—C2A—C1A—O2A	0.4 (4)
C4A—N2A—C3A—N1A	-180.0 (2)	C6A—C2A—C1A—O1A	1.1 (3)
C4A—N2A—C3A—C2A	0.2 (3)	C3A—C2A—C1A—O1A	-179.4 (2)
C6A—C2A—C3A—N1A	-179.8 (2)	C6B—C2B—C1B—O2B	176.9 (2)
C1A—C2A—C3A—N1A	0.7 (4)	C3B—C2B—C1B—O2B	-2.8 (4)
C6A—C2A—C3A—N2A	0.0 (3)	C6B—C2B—C1B—O1B	-3.2 (3)
C1A—C2A—C3A—N2A	-179.6 (2)	C3B—C2B—C1B—O1B	177.1 (2)
C3A—C2A—C6A—C5A	-0.3 (4)	C3B—N2B—C4B—C5B	0.0 (4)
C1A—C2A—C6A—C5A	179.2 (2)	N2B—C4B—C5B—C6B	0.0 (4)
C4A—C5A—C6A—C2A	0.5 (4)	C2B—C6B—C5B—C4B	0.4 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ... <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H... <i>A</i>
O1A—H1A...O21	0.82	1.99	2.810 (3)	173
O1B—H1B...O42	0.82	1.96	2.779 (3)	176
N2A—H2A...O32	0.86	2.24	2.968 (3)	142
N2A—H2A...O41 ⁱ	0.86	2.41	3.004 (3)	126
N2B—H2B...O31	0.86	2.31	3.005 (3)	138
N2B—H2B...O41	0.86	2.54	3.057 (3)	120
N2B—H2B...O22 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.34	2.992 (3)	133
N1A—H11A...O22 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.50	3.211 (3)	141
N1A—H11A...O32	0.86	2.58	3.231 (3)	133
N1B—H11B...O31	0.86	2.32	3.000 (3)	136
N1B—H11B...O41 ^{iv}	0.86	2.54	3.268 (3)	143
N1A—H12A...O2A	0.86	2.09	2.711 (3)	129
N1A—H12A...O2B ⁱⁱⁱ	0.86	2.19	2.928 (3)	144
N1B—H12B...O2A ^{iv}	0.86	2.22	2.971 (3)	145
N1B—H12B...O2B	0.86	2.07	2.693 (3)	128
C4A—H4A...O11 ^v	0.93	2.57	3.312 (3)	137
C4B—H4B...O32 ^{vi}	0.93	2.53	3.433 (3)	165
C5A—H5A...O11 ^{vii}	0.93	2.37	3.277 (3)	164
C5B—H5B...O12 ^{viii}	0.93	2.52	3.450 (3)	177
C6A—H6A...O1A	0.93	2.38	2.711 (3)	100
C6B—H6B...O1B	0.93	2.41	2.735 (3)	100

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, -*y*+1, *z*-1/2; (ii) *x*, -*y*, *z*+1/2; (iii) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (iv) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (v) *x*, -*y*, *z*-1/2; (vi) *x*, -*y*+1, *z*+1/2; (vii) -*x*+1, *y*-1, -*z*+1/2; (viii) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*.